

The Virginian Free Press.

THE COUNTRY—THE RIGHTS OF THE STATES—UNION AND LIBERTY.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY

Printed and Published Weekly

BY JOHN S. & H. N. GALLAHER.

NEW GOODS.

In late arrival, the subscriber has received his former stock with a very large
addition. *Charlestown, Dec. 24, 1840.*

Seasonable Goods;

which, together with the supply on hand, makes his stock complete. He solicits his friends and customers, and all, to call and examine and judge for themselves, and if they find them to be disappoited in price, quality or variety.

ROKENAUGH.

Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 24, 1840.

NEW GOODS.

True undersigned, have just received a supply of New and Spiced Goods.

W. S. B. ANDERSON.

Harpers-Ferry, Sept. 3, 1840.

New Fall & Winter Goods.

All new receiving and opening the largest and cheapest Stock of GOODS I have ever had to offer to the public. They will be sold at very small profits for cash, or to punctual customers on credit. I particularly solicit my customers and the public generally to call and examine my Stock.

WM. S. LOCK.

Charlestown, Oct. 15, 1840.

A. L. E. BRIGHT.

This subscriber has finished his New Store Room on Washington Street, one door east of his former store room, where he is now receiving and opening an extensive supply of

Seasonable Dry Goods.

Also, Groceries, Hardware and Cutlery, Queens, Glass and China Ware, Medicines, Paints, Oils,

Drugs, &c., &c.

Which added to his former Stock, makes his assortment nearly complete. His customers and the public generally are invited to please him to call and make their purchases by offering them good Credit. Cheap Goods—either for Cash or on credit to responsible dealers.

October 15, 1840.

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS.

T. C. GREGG & CO. are receiving and opening their fall stock of GOODS, among which may be found a great variety of useful and fancy articles—some entirely new, to which they will invite the attention of their customers and the public generally.

October 3, 1840.

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS.

I HAVE just returned from the Eastern market and am now opening a large and well selected stock of FALL & WINTER GOODS, which will be sold LOW for cash, or to punctual dealers on credit.

J. D. PACKETT.

Charlestown, Oct. 15, 1840.

New Fall & Winter Goods.

We are now opening our Fall and Winter Supply of GOODS.

E. M. & C. W. JISQUITH.

Oct. 8, 1840.

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the public generally, the receipt of his Fall and Winter Supply of Goods,

embracing every article of the season, which will be sold as low as they can be had anywhere. He respectfully invites a call from all who may be in want of cheap and good Goods.

GEORGE E. CLEAMERLIN.

Charlestown, Oct. 8, 1840.

New Fall & Winter Goods.

J. A. E. P. MILLER are now receiving and opening a large and well selected Stock of Fall & Winter GOODS,

which they feel no hesitation in saying is the cheape, the most splendid, and fashionable Stock, they have ever had the pleasure of offering to their customers. An examination of which, they most respectfully invite their friends, customers, and the public generally.

Charlestown, Oct. 8, 1840.

STOP HER!

STRAYED from the subscriber in Charlestown, on the night of the 15th instant,

A DARK DAY

about 16 hours high; no particular brand or mark, may be recollect. Said master will probably aim to get to Winchester, or in the neighborhood. Any person delivering said master to me in Charlestown, or giving me information so that I can get her, will be liberally rewarded by

BENJAMIN F. HAYDEN.

Charlestown, Dec. 24, 1840.

CASH FOR NEGROES?

WILLING to give the highest prices in cash for illiterate NEGROES, between the ages of ten to twenty-five years of age.

Persons having likely servants to dispose of, will do well to call on me at my residence in Charlestown; and any communication in writing will be promptly attended to.

WM. C. WORTHINGTON.

Charlestown, Dec. 3, 1840.

A CARD.

THE undersigned, having formed a partnership for the practice of law, will hereafter regularly attend the Circuit and County Courts in Jefferson, Berkeley, Morgan, Clarks and Harrison Counties, Virginia. His Office is in the building over the Market House in Charlestown, where one of them can at all times be found.

WILLIAM LUCAS.

HENRY REDINGER, Jr.

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.

Nov. 25, 1840.

General Land Agency for WESTERN VIRGINIA.

WE UNDERSTOOD before written to the State and frequent services of really valuable property sold under our law, frequently for an inconsiderable sum, had been induced, from the favorableness of his position as a Lawyer and an Editor of a Public Journal, to offer his services as an AGENT for the sale of land.

He is a man of great talents, and will faithfully attend to the interests of Texas and, to all others, which may be transmitted to him either to rent, to purchase, or Real Estate.

The terms of the subscriber's agency in the payment of taxes and the purchasing and selling of real estate will be on a per cent. payable on the amount of the sale.

But All Letters to the undersigned must be postpaid or they will not be attended to.

JOHN J. HICKY.

Charlestown, Sept. 17, 1840.

Soothing Syrups.

EVAN'S Soothing Syrup, a valuable article for children. Soothing, allaying irritation and inflammation of the gums, and producing an easy sweet repose. Mum's Elixir of Opium, a similar preparation used for the same purpose. For sale at YOUNG'S.

YOUNG'S.

Harpers-Ferry, Sept. 17, 1840.

Assorted Confectionery.

600 POUNDS, consisting, in part, of Lemon, Mint, Sassafras, Horseradish, Almond, Walnut, Fubert, Spice, Nutmeg, Vanilia, Calamus, Annatto, Ginger, and Butter Candies—Wholesale price of Candy—Retail 10 cents per pound.

YOUNG'S.

Harpers-Ferry, Sept. 17, 1840.

CROCKERY WARE.

JUST received a load of well assorted Crockery Ware.

THOS. H. WILLIS, Adm.

Charlestown, Dec. 14, 1840.

SALT.

NOW on hand and for sale at the Charlestown Drug, KYES & EBV.

Dec. 8, 1840.

TRAVELLING, ON THE RAIL-ROAD.

This Passenger Train of Cars will leave the Ticket Office at Winchester every day at a quarter past 6 o'clock, A. M. By this arrangement Travellers can accomplish the journey between Winchester and Philadelphia in 18 hours—between Winchester and Washington City in a fraction of that time. Passengers returning, leave Baltimore at 7 o'clock, A. M. and arrive in Winchester at 5 o'clock, P. M.

J. E. REED, Agent.

Winchester, March 4, 1840.

VOL. 33.

THE FREE PRESS

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT TWO DOLLARS & FIFTY CENTS PER ANNUM.

Paid half yearly; but Two Dollars will be received as payment in full; if paid entirely in advance. Whenever payment is deferred beyond the time of publication, the subscriber will receive a deduction for Gen. Jackson, or any previous candidate for the Presidency.—*New York Times.*

ADVERTISING.

The terms of advertising are, for a square or less, \$1 for three insertions—larger ones in the same proportion. Each continuation 25 cents per square. All advertisements not ordered for a specific time, will be continued until found, and charged accordingly.

A CARD.

DR. M. B. SMITH.

WILL resume his practice, and the instruction of private pupils, in Muncie and Danville, on SATURDAY EVENINGS, on the 1st January 1841.

A CARD.

INTENDING to remain here, I renew the offer of my professional services to those who may be in want of a physician.

SAMUEL C. SNYDER.

January 14, 1841.

THE WIDOW'S COMPLAINT.

How can I with lightened heart,
Life's rugged pathway tread?
Since he who once did cheer me on,
Lies silent now and dead.

No more with soothing words to cheer,
And soon dispense my rising fear.

How can I to the festive board,
A willing guest repair,
Since he who was my earthly all,
Will not conduct me there.

Will I never see the TEAR,
Show him I love is not a guest,
And when I close my quiet heart,
My children fondly meet.

What anguish fills my fond soul,
To see that vacat seat!

Where my loved father used to smile,
And our endearing ears beguile.

But why indulge these notes of grief—
Why should I thus complain?

What now to me is loss severe,
In his eternal gain.

I how grieve in the sad scenes,
I so fondly used to dwell with God.

A few more days may run their course,
I shall securely sleep.

Then shall my soul with rapture soar

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

We now present the grand result of the popular vote at the late Presidential election, in the following tables, which we have arranged for the sake of comparison, we have given the popular vote in each State in 1836. We have also arranged the tables in geographical divisions, by which it will be seen that each great section of the United States, viz. New England, Middle, South, and West, has given a majority to Gen. Jackson, and administered the *Pledge* to no less than thirty-three thousand persons.

John Morphet, and several other Governmental Dilettantes, cheered him on in the good work, by their presence on the platform, and he announced at the close of the three days he distributed Temperance Medals, and administered the *Pledge* to no less than

one hundred and thirty thousand persons.

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John Morphet, and several other Governmental Dilettantes, cheered

WESTERN LUNATIC ASYLUM.

By the Report of the Directors and Physician of the Institution at Danvers, we learn that the most gratifying results continue to be produced. The remarkable fact is stated, that "the number of cases received into the hospital during the year has been larger, and that of those never before removed into the asylum, twofold, now of whom was recoverable, and that the remaining two, who have been under treatment only a few weeks, are decidedly convalescent." The other inmates are cases of long standing, and therefore demand attention, but under the humane treatment introduced by the excellent physician (Dr. Stirling), "almost every thing that was formerly so forbidding in a lunatic hospital seems to disappear, and its squalid, prison-like aspect is changed for the cheerfulness and comfort of a private dwelling."

The number of patients at present in the hospital is 91. The number of applicants for admission is 150. Of the latter, the Directors eloquently remark—"Many of these are confined at their time incurred in the common jails of the country, enduring the privations and sufferings due to the felon's guilt, with no one to pity, all too sympathetic hand to mitigate the horrors of their imprisonment. Surely the heart of the public-spirited must avert the contemplation of such a state, while he can but regret, at every hazard, to lead his indigence to remove, from the bilious assemblage of our good old commonwealth, the foul blot which defaces it, and to the character of the Governor. Political men, but a wiser, reflecting the return of a better township, Mr. May will contest the seat."

MAINE.—The Committee on Elections of Maine announced at Augusta on the 15th inst., that the State was organized by the choice of the Hon. R. L. Vose, Wm. C. Keeler, for President, and Daniel Saunders, Esq., (Vt.) for Levant, Recorder. In the House, Jewish S. Little, Esq., of Portland, was elected Vice-President. The Chair named Major T. H. Morris, Major J. F. Hamtramck, James Folger, W. Morris and H. N. Galbraith, tall committee.

The Portland Advertiser says that Mr. John A. Lowell, whom the Loco Foco Regulators of Maine had declared elected to Congress, and to whom he gave a certificate, was not in fact chosen. He received a majority of the votes for Governor. Political men, but a wiser, reflecting the return of a better township, Mr. May will contest the seat.

MAINE.—The Committee on Elections of Maine have reported that there was no choice of Governor at the September election. The vote stands thus:

Levant (L) 25
Hamlin (L) 15
Smith (W) 15

The number necessary for a choice is 45,000. The acceptance of the report was objected to by the Whigs, on the ground that 100 votes for Fairfield and 45 for Kent, informally secured, were allowed, and was laid open the table. The report is accepted, event will be chosen by the Legislature; but, if 11, 10, and the 15 votes received, Kent will be declared elected by the Legislature.

EP The Legislature of Massachusetts, on the 14th instant, elected the Hon. Isaac C. Bates of Northampton, a Senator in Congress from that State, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Hon. John Davis, and also for the term of six years from the 1st of March next. The following was the vote in the House of Representatives:

Isaac C. Bates 390
Marcus Morton 314
Seaver (all Whig) 6

In the Senate Mr. Bates received thirty votes, Marion two, and four scattering.

The Boston Courier says—"Mr. Bates is an able man, fine scholar, an eloquent debater, and is well acquainted with the political interests of this Commonwealth. He has been a distinguished member of the House of Representatives in Congress, and is every way worthy the confidence of the citizens."

EP Richard H. Bayard has been elected a Senator of the United States from the State of Delaware, to fill the vacancy occasioned (nearly two years ago) by the expiration of his late term of service.

Thomas Clayton (now a Senator) has been re-elected Senator from the same State for six years from the 3d of March next, when his present term of service will have expired.

Both these gentlemen are staunch Whigs.

EP The House (Whig) has been elected a Representative in the present Congress, from Georgia, by a large majority over his opponent, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Colquitt.

The Richmond Enquirer says that Mr. Van Buren has not acceded to the request of Mr. Stevenson (our Minister at St. James') that he may be recalled, but, in consequence of the new aspect of affairs, in regard to the Boundary Question, and the affairs of the Caroline, has desired Mr. Stevenson to remain in England until a successor should be appointed and reach London.

EP The trial of Miss Gouraud, for an outrage upon her own daughter, aged sixteen, was concluded before the Supreme Court at Salem, Mass., about a fortnight since. The Jury returned a verdict of "guilty of assault" and the Court sentenced the wretched, deformed and despicable being to hard labor in the State Prison for twenty years; the highest punishment which the law allows. He was also sentenced to imprisonment for fifteen years for another offence for which he was tried at Ipswich, a few days ago.

Gov. Yell, of Arkansas, has corrected an error made in his Proclamation. The majority of the Van Buren electors was 1,250 instead of 1,000 as was stated.

It is intended that visitors will extend their visits to Petersburg and Norfolk.

THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND BLIND.

The pupils of the new Institution at St. Louis have been on a visit to Richmond, under charge of their teachers, for the purpose of exhibiting to the Legislature and the public the progress made by them during the short period which the Asylum has been in operation. The results were extraordinary, showing an improvement in some cases which children blessed with all their faculties might be proud to imitate. We understand a very favorable feeling has been awakened, and that the Legislature will probably make additional provision for the wants of the Institution.

It is intended that visitors will extend their visits to Petersburg and Norfolk.

SOUTHERN LITERARY MESSENGER: — T. W. WILSON, Editor.—We have been somewhat remiss in noticing the appearance of the January number of this interesting periodical from a circuit place. At its contents, however, we can say no more for the present than it fully sustains the former high reputation of the work for chaste and classic original productions, both in prose and poetry—judicious and interesting selections, and neatness of typography.—To Southern pride, and in fact to all friends of genuine literature, the "Messenger" has strong claims; but more particularly to Virginians, may no appeal be made to taste, and savor, within the province of their own State, a Magazine which, by the aspidous and persevering efforts of its author, has won a place among the oldest and most esteemed periodicals of our own country or those of Europe. That the laudable endeavours to make it every way worthy of patronage will not be rewarded, we entertain too high a regard of Southern magnanimity to doubt; and we therefore wish its conductor a remunerative compensation with his skill and ability.

At the volume commences with the present number, it would be a favorable period for subscriptions to begin; and we would be pleased to forward the names of any our friends who may feel disposed to subscribe for it. The work is published about the first of every month, and each number contains not less than 64 large super-royal pages, printed on good paper, and in the best manner, at five dollars per annum, payable in advance.

A bill has passed both branches of the Pennsylvania Legislature, requiring the Governor to borrow \$600,000, at an interest of 6 per cent., to meet the interest on the State debt falling due in February.

"Allegro" shall appear in our next.

(Richard Whig)

WHIO-MEETING.

At a meeting held at the Court-houses of Jefferson, Franklin, and Washington, previous notices having been given, Dr. Brockenbrough, the 1st day of February, was nominated a candidate to represent this District in the next Congress, A. HUNTER, Esq., was called to the Chair, and John Brown was chosen Secretary.

After naming having been called to arose, Major F. Hamtramck stated briefly the object of the meeting.

So far as personal feelings go, we believe this result is unacceptable to very few; for however his organ the Engineer, may endeavor to produce such an impression, we know that there has been very little party or personal sympathy in the State, and that the Doctor has been considered throughout, merely as a functionary, and not as a politician, or a man.

He is indeed, indeed, to White magnanimity.—"British Whig," or his friends style them—those same men whom to his honor, he accused of wishing to revile the Alien and Sedition laws, for retaining his situation as president of the Bank. Hereafter we hope he will enter kindly feelings toward that magnanimous party.—Rich. Whig.

INCONSISTENCY.—When Mr. Webster made some remarks in favor of taxing French silk, French whigs, the Globe raised an outcry about the British Whigs, their love of Great Britain, and their hostility to France.

Now because Mr. Alford, a whig member of Congress from Georgia, approves the many acts of Mr. Forsyth's letter to the British Minister, a loco-foco, tax from Calhoun's State, changes General Harrison with bitter hostility to the British Government.

Really these Loco Foco should either

be consistent, or have better mem-

bers.—Richard Whig.

PRESIDENT OF THE BANK OF VIRGINIA.

On Saturday evening the Directory being called to the election of a President of the Bank of Virginia, when Dr. Brockenbrough was re-elected by a vote of five to three, the four Directors appointed by the Stockholders, and one of the four selected by the Executive, constituting the five.

It was moved by Maj. Thomas Urquhart and seconded, that the Chair appoint a committee of five to nominate for the consideration of the Stockholders, a proper person to be chosen as President of this County.

Whereupon, the Chair named Major T. H. Morris, Major J. F. Hamtramck, James Folger, W. Morris and H. N. Galbraith, tall committee.

After retiring a short time, the said committee reported, that they had made no persons to attend the meeting, who were unanimously appointed, viz: D. T. Tower, A. R. Boister, E. Beckham, John C. Onder, Anthony Kennedy, Wm. Granahan, Wm. F. Turner and Charles Yates, Delegates—J. F. Folger, W. Folger, J. M. Bryan, R. S. Gladdish, and Thomas Bissell, auditors.

Major Hamtramck moved that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Whig paper of the District.

The meeting then adjourned.

A. HUNTER, Chairman.

John Grimes, Secy.

Congress.—The Senate, on Tues-

day the 12th, proceeded to the discussion of the special order, the bill relating to the permanent and prospective distribution of the proceeds of the sales of the public lands among the States, and to limit the privilege only to persons not worth more than \$1,000.—when Mr. Calhoun rose and ad-

dressed the Senate.

He submitted a substitute, ceding the public lands to the States in which they lie, on certain conditions:

Mr. Crittenton followed, and was at last allowed to speak, when a lame excuse was made.

In the House of Representatives, Mr. Seigeon reported the bill from the Senate supplementary to the act to abolish imprisonment for debt in certain cases, with an amendment.

In the Senate, on Wednesday the 13th, Mr. Merrick moved to take up the bill authorizing a loan of \$100,000,000 to the State of Maryland.

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On Tuesday, Mr. Lee of Harrison moved an inquiry into the legality of the issuance of small notes by the North Western Bank of Virginia. Some debate occurred upon various amendments, but the resolution was adopted.

All in authorizing the appointment of proxies to represent the stock of the State in the meeting of Bank stockholders, was after a discussion of half an hour, postponed indefinitely.

Four divorce bills were passed, and other unimportant business dispatched.

On Wednesday, Mr. Stephenson of Jefferson offered a resolution, which was adopted, inquiring into the expediency of increasing the tax to be paid by revenue masters who are transient visitors to the State, and not residents therein.

The final excited an extraordinary degree of interest, and although the roads leading to town were almost impassable, vast numbers from the country were present, all day, in the Court-Hall, which was crowded to overflowing, and thus remained until sentence was passed upon the unfortunate man, about 1 o'clock in the evening, when the crowd dispersed, each individual being conscious of the guilt of the prisoner.

From the Philadelphia U. S. Gazette of Saturday.

RESOLUTION.

Yesterday morning, at an early hour,

numerous persons were seen gathering in front of the United States Bank, and at the hour of opening, these visitors were admitted into the banking room, where they found not merely a single teller, but divers clerks, well stationed and well provided to receive the notes and pay them in specie.

The demands were constant, but chiefly in small sums, so that the drain of specie by such means was not very considerable, though probably the demands of some institutions were larger, but they were, large and small, all promptly responded to; so that those who came with doubtful faces went away with smiles.

A great number of those who now demand specie, do it probably from a misapprehension of the value of the notes.

According to the Philadelphia North American, it is computed that the Banks of that city paid out on Friday about \$50,000,000 dollars in specie, principally on the New York and Boston account. The U. S. Bank having furnished the circulating medium for some time past, paid out the largest amount; next the bank of Penn-

sylvania.

The banks have been entirely pro-

posed.

In the House, on motion of Mr. Lee of Harrison, a resolution was adopted, to inquire into the expediency of appointing three or more commissioners, whose duty it shall be to digest and lay before the next General Assembly a plan for the establishment of Free Schools in this Common-wealth.

The Bank resolution was again taken up, and, after a discussion of half an hour, was passed, with an amendment by Mr. Lee.

On Thursday, Mr. Stephenson of Jefferson offered a resolution, which was adopted, inquiring into the expediency of increasing the tax to be paid by revenue masters who are transient visitors to the State, and not residents therein.

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From the London "Times" for 1841.
OLD FRIENDS TOGETHER.
By CHARLES DICKENS.

This is a short, sharp, clear-cut story;—
one of those stories which have a special
charm for us all. And when we have
read it, we have found them;
And when the mind, that still can find,
A man in darkest weather;
One old friend, who comes to see,
As old friends meet together!

These days of old, when youth was bold,
And strength was what sped it;

And youth never knew how time flew,
Or knowing, did not heed it!

Though gray each hair that meets us now,
For age brings winter weather;

Yet nothing can go so sweet to see,

As those old friends together!

The few long known, whom years have shown,
With hearts whose friendship blazes;

A hand to cheer, veriance, a tear;

To soothe a friend's distress;

Who have been kind to side;

Oh, these may we yet joy to see;

And most old friends together!

VARIETY.

DEATH.—To an unbelieveable, death is like being driven out to sea by a relentless gale, without provisions, without pilot, and in a leaking ship, which, after buffeting the waves for a brief season, must eventually founder, carrying down with it both passengers and crew.

To a believer, death is like setting out on a journey homeward on a stormy day; there are discomforts connected with it, but these will soon be forgotten, in the joyful welcome and delicious happiness which await the traveller in that land where the sky is ever serene.

[Frederick.

Tender spouse in the way of Trade.—A

gentleman, recently picked up into a state
been enamoured, but dared not speak,
stood behind the counter, selling dry
goods. In order to remain as long as pos-
sible, she cheapened every thing. At
last she said: "I believe you think that I
am cheating you." "Oh no," said the
youngster, "to me you are always fair."

"Well," whispered the lady, blushing as
she darted a glance at the young man,
"we may not stay so long bargaining, if you
were not so very dear."

SQUATTING A LITTLE.—The Clare-
mont (N. H.) Eagle says that while the
yeas and nays were calling in the House
of Representatives, on Wednesday of last
week, on some question, Mr. Brown of
South Hampton, "an odd chick," did not
answer to his name. When the vote was
through, he rose and addressed the Spe-
aker as follows:

"Mr. Speaker, I rise to let you know
that I did not dodge this question. I on-
ly squatted a little in order to take a bet-
ter view of the subject, and I now say
'no' to that critter."

The manner in which this was done
excited a universal burst of laughter a-
mong those present.

LESSONS ON ECONOMY.—Get shaved
but once a month. Black your boots only
on New Year's day. Never pay for your
newspaper, the prints is as able to lose
the money as you are. Always pay for
your liquor with a pewter piece of money,
and if the barkeeper discovers the mistake,
swear vengeance against the fellow who
saddled it upon you. If you are cour-
ting a young lady, see that she pays post-
age on all the letters which pass between
you. By marrying an old woman, you
will escape the burthen of children.—
When you are going to cowbide an ed-
itor, or any other nuisance, use a piece of
paper for it is much cheaper; the same
will serve as an appliance when you tick-
your wife, or want to hang yourself.

SOULS IN EGGS.—A paragraph is going
the rounds stating that now is a good sub-
stitute for eggs in puddings or pancakes.
Nonsense!—we know better. The one is
just about as good a substitute for the other
as sawdust would be for flour, or fat for
molasses. We would rather have one
good egg slip down our esophagus than
all the snow-balls that could be piled be-
tween here and Texas. Wonder what
sort of egg-soup or egg-dip a few teaspoon-
fuls of snow would make? This about
now laid snow being as good as a new-laid
egg! Not "eggs-actly!"—[Mil. Eagle.]

A PROTESTANT PARSON.—Gov. Shewson, in his
late Message to the Legislature of Ohio, gives the
united account of the State Penitentiary.

"It appears to be conducted prop-
erly by its present Warden. The total
cash receipts for the year ending November
20th are stated at \$44,000. Total
cash payments, \$27,000. The entire
earnings of the institution during the year
amount to \$53,000, which is a gain of
\$25,000 above all expenditures for super-
intendence, and so forth. The number
of convicts on the roll of November was
482. But four deaths have occurred dur-
ing the year."

BEAT THIS WHO CAN.—Mr. James
Wallace, of Decatur county, (Indiana),
has raised from a single grain of corn, at
twice planting, the astonishing amount of
39 bushels. The grove of the first year
was a volunteer stalk, which was carefully
cultivated. It produced nine small ears
two on the main stalk, the remainder on
seven suckers, on which there were 3,
680 grains. This product was planted
and well cultivated, producing, as above
stated, 38 bushels.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscribers will offer at public sale,
on the 20th of January next, at 10 o'clock,
the following tract of land, situated
in Berkeley county, Virginia, about

Two hundred and thirty acres.

Valuable Limestone LAND,
situated on the main road from Winchester to
Martinsburg, about nine miles from the former,
and about three miles from the latter, and
now known as a part of the "Yellow
House" tract.

The above named tract of land adjoins the
land of Mrs. Jessie Payne, Mr. Benjamin Jeffre-
son, and others; it contains between 60 or 90
acres of good TIMBERED, and well
cultivated land, of great improvement, be-
ing surrounded by extensive timber, and
watered by several fine streams, flowing on it a
great deal of good water.

The terms of sale will be—One-third of the
money to be paid down, and the balance in two
equal annual payments.

In the absence of one of the subscribers,
Mr. Samuel Campbell, of Franklin B. WELL,
FRANCIS YATES.

Dec. 21, 1840.

SALT.

Now on hand and for sale of the Charles
Town Depot, KEYS & CO.,

December 8, 1840.

MECHANIC ARTS.

Wagon & Plough Making.



THE undersigned renders his acknowledged
services to the liberal patronage that has
heretofore been extended towards him, and
hopes to merit for the future a continuance
of the same. He is a native of America, and
will be found in all times ready to make
any article, at the shortest notice and on reasonable
terms, every description of Wagons, Chariots, or
any article appertaining to his business. He
intends keeping constantly on hand an assort-
ment of PLOWS, and will take in pay-
ment for them, or any other work done at
his shop.

ALFRED O'BANNON.

Charleston, Jan. 14, 1841.

Boot and Shoe Making.



THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing
that he has established a Boot and Shoe Manu-
facturing establishment, in CHARLESTOWN,
West Virginia, and is well known as wheat
growing land, and also advantageously adapted
for grazing in consequence of convenience and
quantity of fine water, &c. This tract contains

375 ACRES.

110 of which are fine TIMBER, and will be sold
in two separate tracts—one of which will con-
tain 140 acres, with some little improvement
and a few buildings, and the other 235 acres, with
none, save a few stone walls, &c. The tract is
bound in all directions by other owners,
so that the titles can be known by their
names.

A further description is deemed
unnecessary, as it is desirable that those un-
acquainted with the place and the general
character of the soil, may make a full examination
of the tract before purchase.

New and Seasonable Goods.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing
that he has in store a Splendid Assortment of
New Goods,

Seasonable and Common Cloth,

Cashmere and Cusinets,

In fact every thing for gentlemen's

Wear.

Silks, Mouslans, Merinos, Calicoes,

Brown and Bleached Cottons;

Fuller, Plain and Plain Laceys,

Groceries and Liquors, all kinds,

Boots, Shoes, Hels and Caps,

Wring Band,

Durable Ink, with and without the preparation:

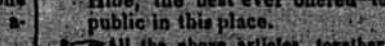
Fancy Stationery, &c., &c.

Take at market prices in exchange for Goods.

H. D. DURAN & CO.

Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 5, 1840.

Saddle and Harness MAKING.

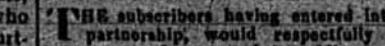


THE subscriber respectfully informs his old customers,
and the public generally, that he continues his line of business, in Shepherdstown,
next door to the Post Office, (Mr. Cook's store), where he offers for sale and furnish
all the requisites.

He will take in exchange for work, at
a fair market price, almost any description of
COUNTRY PRODUCE.

CHARLESTOWN, Jan. 14, 1841.

Andrew B. Hale



R EPECTFULLY informs his old customers,
and the public generally, that he continues his line of business, in Shepherdstown,
next door to the Post Office, (Mr. Cook's store), where he offers for sale and furnish
all the requisites.

He will take in exchange for work, at
a fair market price, almost any description of
COUNTRY PRODUCE.

CHARLESTOWN, Jan. 14, 1841.

Patent-Spring, Shutter, and Picnic SADDLES;

Bridles and Harness of every description
and quality—inferior to none in the
State. Also,

Leather Travelling Trunks,

together with an assortment of Wagons,
Horses, Carts, and Plantation Utensils;

also a large assortment of various articles
of every description.

CHARLESTOWN, Jan. 14, 1841.

NEW FIRM.

THE subscribers having entered into co-

partnership, would respectfully make known
that they intend to keep on hand, or manufacture,
to sell, or to let, to all, to call and examine
and judge for themselves, as he is satisfied they
will neither be disappointed in price, quality, or
variety.

J. ROKENBAUGH.

Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 5, 1840.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received a sup-

ply of New and Seasonable GOODS.

W. & S. B. ANDERSON.

Harpers-Ferry, Sept. 3, 1840.

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received a large

assortment of GOODS, to be sold

at very small profits, for cash, or to punctual
customers on credit. I respectfully solicit my

customers and the public generally to call and

examine my Stock.

WM. S. LOCK.

CHARLESTOWN, Oct. 15, 1840.

ALL IS RIGHT.

THE subscriber has finished his new store

Room, on Washington Street, one door

back of his former store room, where he is now

receiving and opening an extensive supply of

Seasoable Dry Goods.

Also, Groceries, Hardware and Cutlery,

Quills, Glass and China Ware,

Medicines, Paints, Oils,

Dye Stuffs, &c., &c.

Which, added to his former Stock, makes his

assortment nearly complete. His customers

and the public generally are invited to give him

an early call, and he will endeavor to please

by offering them Goods.—Cheap Goods—

for Cash or on credit to respectable dealers.

WM. F. LOCK.

CHARLESTOWN, Oct. 15, 1840.

FOUR GOOD ORCHARDS

THE subscriber has just received money of

each of the named tracts will be required in

order to purchase the same.

CHARLESTOWN, Oct. 15, 1840.

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to

the public generally, the receipt of his

Fall and Winter Supply of Goods,

Embracing every article of the season, which

will be sold on low for cash, or to punctual

dealers on time.

J. B. PACKETT.

CHARLESTOWN, Oct. 15, 1840.

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS.

THE subscriber is now receiving

and opening a large and well selected

stock of Fall & Winter GOODS,

which they will be sold LOW for cash, or to punctual